



Recent Events

- Petitions to the Commission at the April Commission Meeting
 - Wyoming Untrapped and WY Trap FREE-Mont County
 - Asked Commission to open Chapter 4 prior to 2022
- Department Committee Formed
 - Develop and implement a deliberate and information-based process to inform the Commission on trapping related matters identified during the April 2020 meeting. The presentation should also include past efforts by the Department and comments, concerns and opportunities learned from contacts with a broad group of current stakeholders.
 - Carefully consider all relevant information and compile meaningful information to help inform the Commission as they further deliberate any potential action pertaining to Chapter 4.
 - Members: Aaron Kerr, Jim Seeman, Jon Stephens, Erika Peckham, Emily Gates,
 Rene Schell, Ken Mills, Jason Hunter

Definitions

"Furbearing animal" means badger, beaver, bobcat, marten, mink, muskrat or weasel.

"Predatory animal" means coyote, jackrabbit, porcupine, raccoon, red fox, skunk or stray cat. "Predatory animal" also means gray wolf located outside the Wolf Trophy Game Management Area and Seasonal Wolf Trophy Game Management Area as described in W.S. § 23-1-101 (a) (xii) (B) (l) and (II).

Wyoming Constitution

Article 1, Section 38 (2012)

"The opportunity to fish, hunt and trap wildlife is a heritage that shall forever be preserved to the individual citizens of the state, subject to regulation as prescribed by law, and does not create a right to trespass on private property, diminish other private rights or alter the duty of the state to manage wildlife."

- W.S. 23-2-303, review of changes 2001-present
 - 2001
 - Added snares to tagging requirement
 - Allows for trap ID # to be issued by Department and used instead of name/address
 - Added language making it illegal to set traps/snares within 30 ft of exposed bait
 > 5lbs
 - Added definition of exposed bait
 - Added snare requirements
 - 295lb breakaway
 - Maximum 12 inch loop diameter
 - 72 hour check period excluding snares and quick kill body traps
 - Wildlife caught shall be removed upon discovery

o 2004

 Made tampering/removing a legal trap/snare or releasing furbearers/predators from legal traps/snares illegal.

2009 - Department LD1 Project

- Added language allowing the Commission to regulate trap/snare requirements to establish specifications for snares, breakaway weights, location of breakaway devices, snare loop size and anchors for trapping and snaring of furbearers and predatory animals. (requires consultation with other affected entities)
- Removed all statutory language related to above
- Added once per week check period for snares and quick kill body traps

- Commission Regulation CH 4, 1994 present
 - 1994-97
 - Areas closed to the trapping of all species
 - Grand Teton NP
 - Closed to all trapping
 - National ELk Refuge
 - Closed to all trapping
 - JDR Memorial Parkway
 - Leghold traps and snares prohibited
 - Red Canyon Elk Winter Range
 - Closed to all trapping December 1-April 30
 - Medicine Bow River from Ranger Station to Bow River Campground
 - Closed to all trapping

o **1997-98**

- Changed from trapping of all species closures to closed to furbearer trapping/closed to all legholds and snares and removed Red Canyon and Medicine Bow River from any type of closure.
- Closed to furbearer trapping
 - Grand Teton NP
 - National Elk Refuge
- Added Rawhide, Springer, and Table Mountain WHMAs to areas closed to furbearer trapping from October 1-January 31.
- Closed to all leghold traps and snares
 - JDR Memorial Parkway

2002-03

- "Quick Kill Body Grip Trap" and "Trap Identification Number" added to definitions and the word "snare" added to the definition of Trapping.
- Added Bighorn Canyon National Recreation Area to areas closed to use of leghold traps and snares
- Added trap ID# use and requirements to obtain a trap ID#

- o 2006-08
 - All areas previously listed as closed to use of leghold traps and snares moved to areas closed to the taking of furbearing animals
- o 2009-12
 - LD1 Project
 - Added snare requirements for the taking of furbearers and predatory animals to regulation
 - Breakaway weights
 - Location of breakaway devices
 - Snare loop size
 - Anchors for trapping and snaring of furbearers and predatory animals.
 - Added once/week check period requirement for snares and quick kill body traps

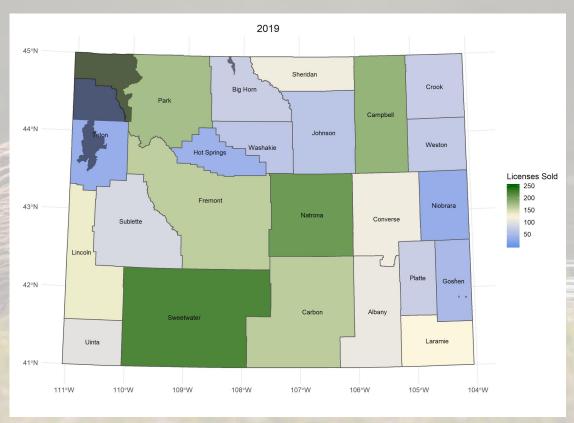
- o **2012-14**
 - "Live Trap" added to definitions
 - Reformatted snare requirements and check period section
- o 2016-19
 - Added definitions of "pet" and "tamper"
 - 330 conibear removed from public land use and must be partially submerged
 - Addition of Section 11 (e) to allow the release of pets and livestock from traps
- o 2019-current
 - 12 defined terms
 - Removal of some LQ Beaver trapping areas and addition of some areas closed to beaver trapping

Furbearer License Sales and Harvest Information

- License Sales
 - o 2001- 1097 licenses sold
 - **34 Nonresident**
 - o 2010- 1869 licenses sold
 - 43 Nonresident
 - o 2019- 2498 licenses sold
 - 47 Nonresident



Furbearer Licenses Sold in 2019 by Wyoming County



Harvest Information

- Furbearers harvested 2010 / 2019
 - o Totals 10,788 / 7,404
 - Trapped 9,861 / 6,682
 - Snared 179 / 205
 - Firearm 748 / 517



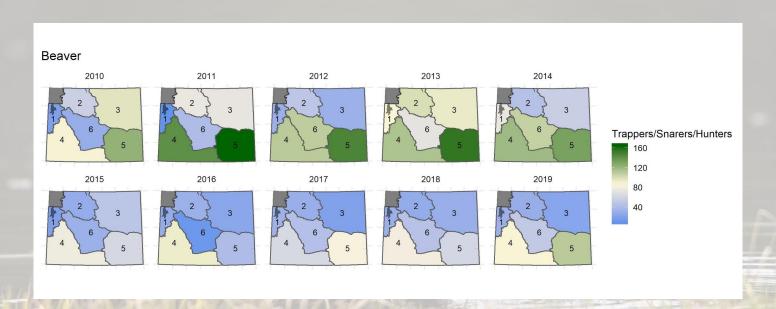
Trappers/Hunters by Year and Management Area - Badger



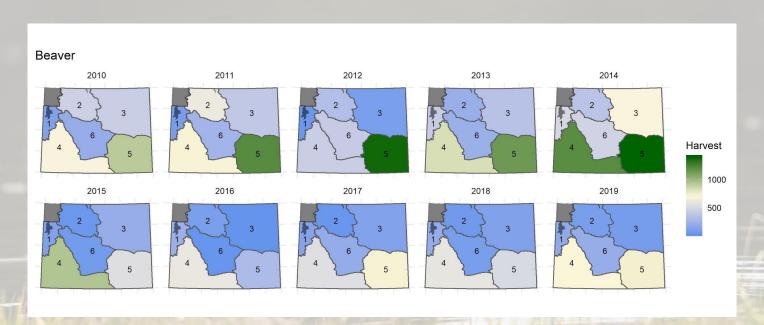
Harvest by Year and Management Area - Badger



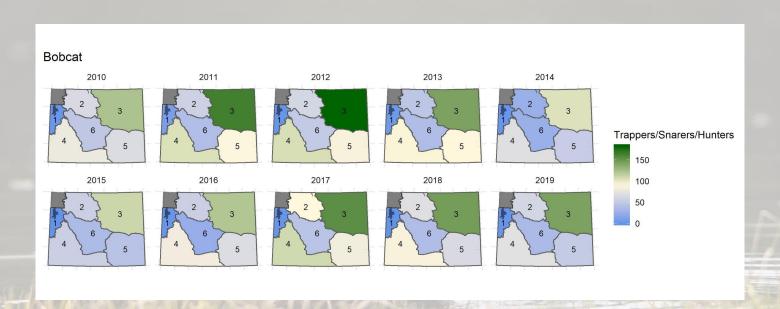
Trappers/Hunters by Year and Management Area - Beaver



Harvest by Year and Management Area - Beaver



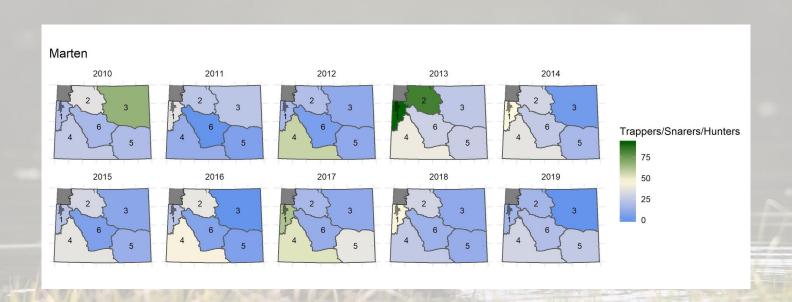
Trappers/Hunters by Year and Management Area - Bobcat



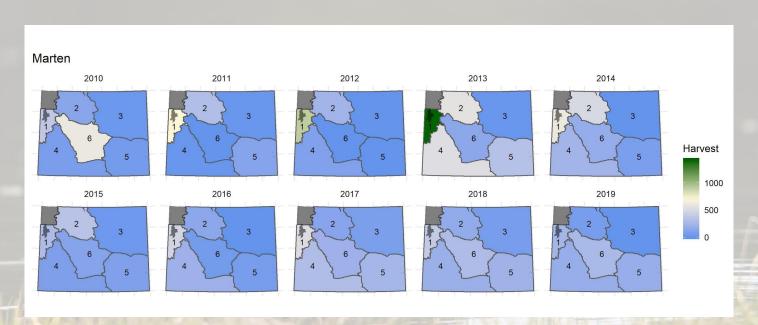
Harvest by Year and Management Area - Bobcat



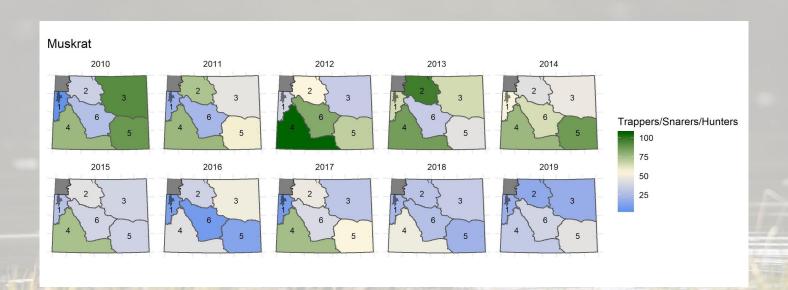
Trappers/Hunters by Year and Management Area - Marten



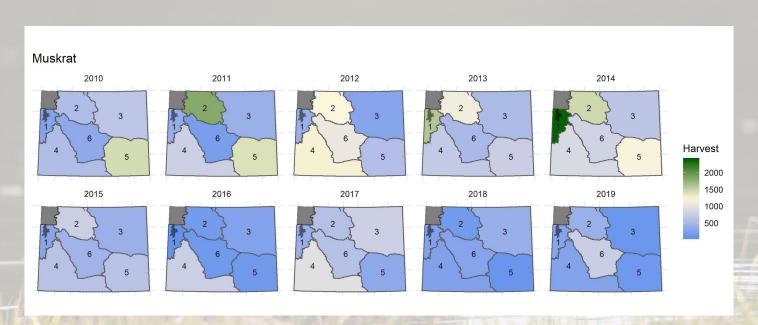
Harvest by Year and Management Area - Marten



Trappers/Hunters by Year and Management Area - Muskrat



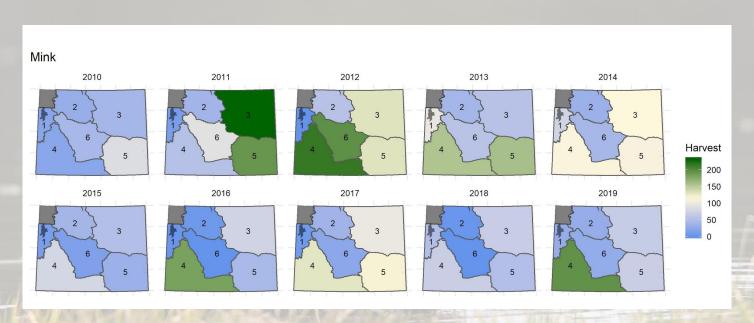
Harvest by Year and Management Area - Muskrat



Trappers/Hunters by Year and Management Area - Mink



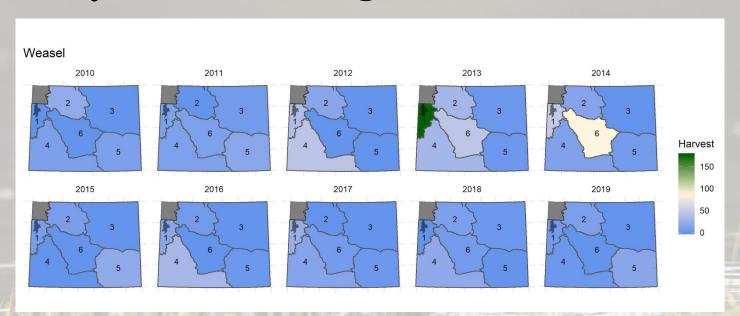
Harvest by Year and Management Area - Mink



Trappers/Hunters by Year and Management Area - Weasel



Harvest by Year and Management Area - Weasel



Surrounding State Regulations CO, ID, MT, ND, NE, SD, UT

- Trapper education required: CO & ID (MT for wolves only)
- **Setbacks:** CO, ID, MT, NE distance varies 10 1,000 feet
 - Trails, roads/highways, dwellings, feedlots, livestock road crossings, campgrounds/rec. sites
- Closures for recreation: CO, ID, MT, NE, SD, WY
 - Public ski area, residential rec. area, state game refuges/wildlife areas, some bird hunting areas
- Trap signs recommended ID, CO
- Trap checks: CO, NE 24 hrs; SD east 48 hrs; ID, SD west 72 hrs; (WY- 72 hrs, leghold and live traps, Once/week snares and quick-kill traps); UT 48 hrs non-lethal and 96 hrs lethal trap check; MT 48 hours recommended (required for bobcat sets); ND none

Surrounding State Regulations

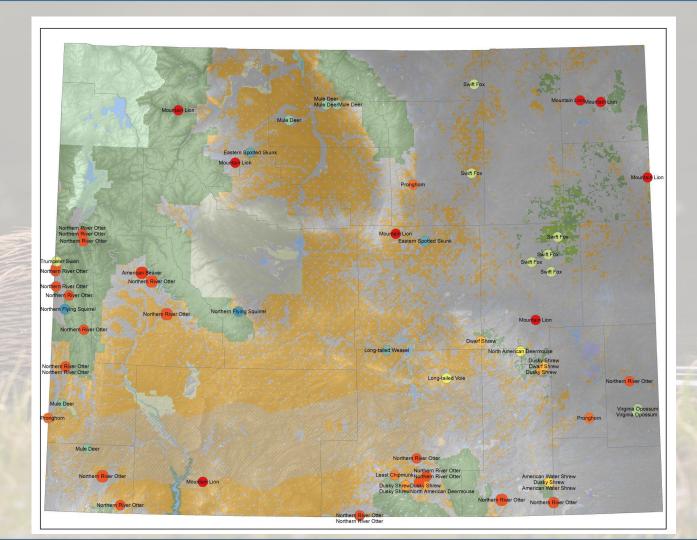
CO, ID, MT, ND, NE, SD, UT

- Report non-targets required:
 - MT All non-targets
 - o UT All protected species
 - CO, ID, ND, SD Dead furbearers/wildlife/protected species
 - o NE None
 - WY Injured or dead game animals/raptors/furbearers out of season

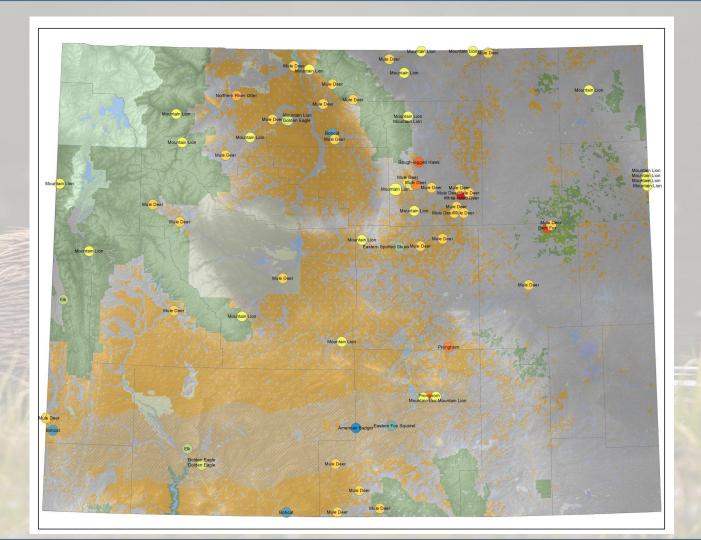
Trap types allowed:

- ID, MT, ND, NE, UT, WY- All types with some restrictions to placement/types of quick kill body traps, lock type/breakaway for snares
- o CO Only live traps, footholds on private lands with strict conditions
- SD Spring-powered snares banned

2002-2020 Incidental/ Non-Target Trapping Information



2002-2020 Incidental/ Non-Target Snaring Information



WI example of Reporting Form

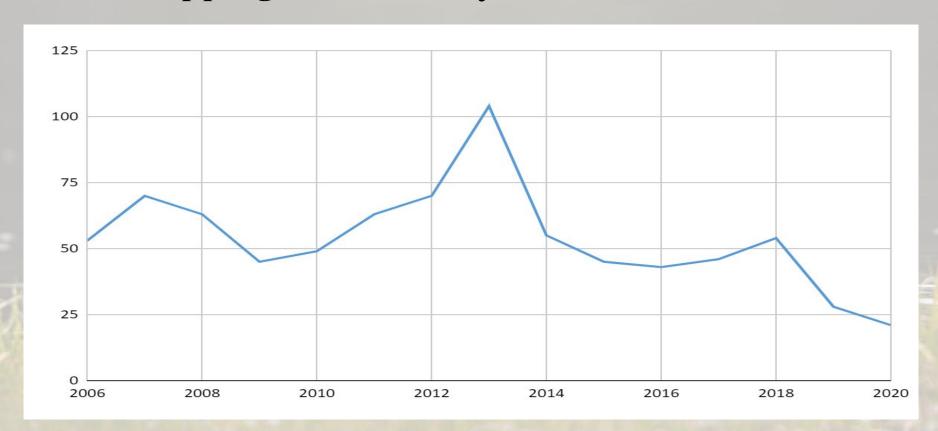
State of Wisconsin Department of Natural Resources dnr.wi.gov			Trap Incident Report Form 4100-210 (R 6/17) Page 1 c			
Conservation Warden's Name		Date Compl	laint Received	Incident Date		
COMPLAINANT Complainant's Name						
Street or Route	City			State ZIP Code		
Person making the complaint was	a: (select one)					
		Pet Owner Other				
LOCATION						
County	Nearest Town, City, or Village					
Ownership of land where incident of Public (including public road Private land with public according to Private Land Unknown		right-of-way, etc.)	was grant	t Owner th		
TRAP DETAILS						
Trapper's Name			DNR Cust	omer I.D. #		
Street or Route	City		-	State ZIP Code		
Trap type:	Set type: Oryland:		-			
Foothold Body-grip Cable Restraint Snare Enclosed Trigger	○ Blind or Trail ○ Cubby or Enclo ○ Water set: ○ Drowning					
Other	If a cubby set, the trap was: (select all that apply and fill in measurements) Recessed in the enclosure					
Trap Size	How far was the trap trigger recessed? inches Cubby construction materials (plastic pail, PVC pipe, etc.)					
Brand	Made with a restricted entry-way Entry-way dimensions: width		height	in.		
Trap Location: (select all that apply) Road Right-of-Way Trail Forest Grasslands/Pasture	Bait type used: (selet					

Complainant's Name Incident Date	Trap Incident Report Form 4100-210 (R 6/17) Page 2
ANIMAL DETAILS	
Type of animal involved:	Ownership of animal: (select one using your best judgement)
○ Hunting Dog	○ Feral
Breed	Abandoned
Type of hunting	Owned but uncontrolled
	Owned and cared for
Non-hunting Dog	0 1 00000 000 000 000
○ Cat	If a domestic animal, was it: (select all that apply)
Livestock	On a leash Uncontrolled, but used in a hunting activity
○ Wildlife	Within sight contact
Other	Under verbal control Uncontrolled
Extent of injury to trapped animal: (select all	that apply)
Died as a result of trap injuries	
Required veterinary care	
 Name and location of vet facility _ 	
Describe injury	
Experienced permanent injury - De	escribe
No permanent damage	
None of the above	
ADDITIONAL DETAILS / COMMENTS Media Attention:	Citations were or could have been issued for violations
Radio	(including non-DNR) to:
Television	Trapper – list violations:
Newspaper	
Other	
	Pet Owner – list violations:
Outlet	T & OWNER = list Floridations.
Reporter name	
Brief summary of incident:	
Additional comments:	
Submit to: Warden Supervisor Nathan Kro	peplin
Submit to: Warden Supervisor Nathan Kro Fitchburg Service Center 3911 Fish Hatchery Road	peplin

Trapping Violations 2006-2020

Violation Description	Warnings	Citations	NoActions	Total
TAKE FURBEARER ANIMAL WITHOUT A LICENSE	32	32	2	66
FAIL TO CHECK TRAPS WITHIN 72 HOURS EXCEPT CONIBEAR TRAPS	62	95	17	174
FAILURE TO TAG LEGHOLD TRAPS OR SNARES	94	78	53	225
USE GAME PARTS FOR BAIT	29	28	8	65
TAKE GAME ANIMAL WITH PIT- TRAP- ETC.	8	5	3	16
FAIL TO TAG BOBCAT PELT	21	22	1	44
FALSE STATEMENT TO PROCURE TRAP- FURBEARER LICENSE	4	12	0	16
TAKE FURBEARER OUT OF SEASON	8	25	3	36
FAIL TO CHECK BODY-GRIP/SNARE TRAP AT LEAST ONCE EACH WEEK	10	17	3	30
SET TRAP OR SNARE WITHIN 30' OF EXPOSED BAIT OVER 5 LBS. IN WEIGHT	17	19	3	39
SNARE WITHOUT A BREAK-AWAY LOCK	13	12	5	30
SNARE WITH BREAK-AWAY LOCK OVER 295 LBS.	7	0	1	8
SNARE SET WITH LOOP IN EXCESS OF 12"	6	2	0	8
FAIL TO IMMEDIATELY REMOVE WILDLIFE CAUGHT IN ANY TRAP/SNARE	8	3	3	14
FAIL TO IMMEDIATELY REPORT NON-TARGET WILDLIFE CAUGHT IN TRAP/SNARE	12	28	3	43
VIOLATION OF SMALL GAME/FURBEARER REGULATIONS NOT LISTED ELSEWHERE	10	12	1	23
Totals	341	390	106	837

Total Trapping Violations by Year 2006-2020



Trapping Violations

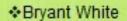
- 2006-2020
 - o **837 violations** (390 citations, 341 warnings, 106 unknown suspects)
 - Total Fines \$78,931
 - Total Restitution \$2,541
 - Total License Suspensions 85 years
- Other info (2006-2020)
 - Dogs chasing deer- 465 violations (233 citations, 205 warnings, 27 unknown suspect)
 - Unlawful tampering or removal of trap or snare 42 violations
 (19 citations, 11 warnings, 12 unknown suspect)
 - Unlawful release/removal of furbearer/predator from trap or snare - 8 violations (2 citations, 4 warnings, 2 unknown)

Trapping Best Management Practices & Trapper Education

All committee
members have taken
the online AFWA North
American Trapper
Education course

Bryant White-AFWA





- Association of Fish and Wildlife Agencies (2002)
- Program Manager for Trapping Policy
- ◆Best Management Practices for Trapping in the United States Program
- ♦ Human-Wildlife Conflict Resolution



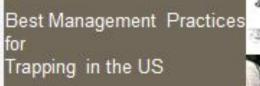
























Broad Support from Professional Organizations for Regulated Trapping

- The Wildlife Society
- O The American Association of Wildlife Veterinarians
- O The American Veterinary Medical Association
- Association of Fish and Wildlife Agencies
- Support the use of trapping in wildlife management
- Support the development and use of BMPs

Brief History of BMPs

- Some State Fish and Wildlife agencies were losing their ability to manage furbearers through trapping programs
 - Massachusetts
 - o California
 - o Colorado
 - Washington
 - Arizona
- European Union Regulation (1991)

Best Management Practices for Trapping in the United States

- Project Objectives:
 - Improve the welfare of animals captured in traps, improve trap safety, selectivity and efficiency.
 - Enhance the awareness and understanding of modern regulated trapping
 - Sustain regulated trapping as a wildlife management technique

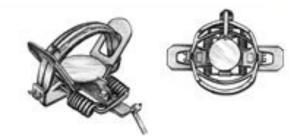
BMPs – Project Administration

- Furbearer Conservation Technical Work Group of the Association of Fish and Wildlife Agencies
 - State Wildlife Agencies
 - Federal Wildlife Agencies
 - Tribal Agencies
 - Trapper Associations



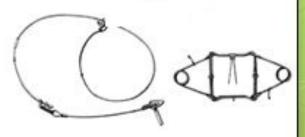
Primary Focus





- Designed to test traps that are commonly used and modifications
- Testing focus:
 - Live Restraint (foothold, foot encapsulating, cage/box, cable restraints)
 - Lethal Systems (bodygrip traps, killing snares)





BMP Development – 5 Criteria for Trap Evaluation

- Animal Welfare
 - ISO 10990-4: 1999 (E)
 - Part 5: Methods for testing restraining traps
 - Part 4: Methods for testing killing-trap systems used on land or underwater
- Safety
- Selectivity
- Efficiency
- 5. Practicality

BMPs - 23 Species

American Marten
American Badger
Arctic Fox
Beaver
Bobcat
Coyote (East/West)
Canada Lynx
Fisher
Gray Fox
Gray Wolf
Kit fox

Mink
Muskrat
Nutria
Opossum
Raccoon
Red Fox
Ringtail
River Otter
Skunk
Swift Fox
Weasels
Wolverine

















BMPs – Development

- BMP Ad hoc groups
 - Separate group for each of twentythree species
 - Group participants include agency biologists, veterinarians, and trapping experts

BMP Development

- Review past research
- Identify research priorities furbearer species/trap types (National Ownership and Use of Traps by Trappers Survey)
- Conduct field projects
- Necropsy animals (SCWDS/University of Wyoming/NWRC)
- Analyze field and lab data
- Compare performance to the international standard
- Synthesize data and experiences to produce trapping BMPs

BMP Projects

- 1997-2020
 - Over 600 trap types tested
 - 450 trapping field projects
 - 1,500 volunteer trappers & technicians
 - 100 agency biologist
 - ~400,000 trap nights
 - All 5 U.S. regions and 41 states





What is a Trapping BMP?

- Provides basic biological information about the species
- Details trapping devices that meet the BMP criteria/International Standards
- Details techniques used during testing



BMPs - Use and Intent

- Trapping BMPs are meant to be implemented in a voluntary, education and promotion-based approach
- BMPs for trapping are meant to be a supplement to trapper education

On-line Trapper Education Course http://conservationlearning.org



Education and Outreach Workshops

- More than 50 "Trapping Matters" workshops held throughout the United States
- Trained over 6000 wildlife professionals from all agency levels
- Trained hunter/trapper education instructors in how to use the BMP material
- Explain importance of trapping in wildlife management, research, public health and safety issues, disease surveillance and endangered species management
- Explain modern regulated trapping and Best Management Practices



BMP Delivery

- BMP documents on the web at:
 - https://www.fishwildlife.org/afwa-inspires/furbearer-management
 - http://furbearermanagement.com
- State trapper education programs
- State and national trapper meetings
- State, national and international scientific meetings

BMP Knowledge

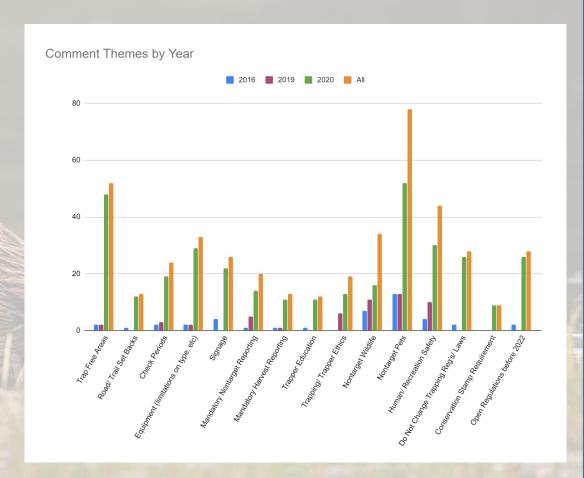
- BMPs can help your agency gain and/or maintain public support for regulated trapping
 - Public generally not aware about trap research and improvements to animal welfare
 - BUT, numerous studies have shown that the public is more supportive of regulated trapping when informed that efforts are being made to improve animal welfare

Questions?



Public Engagement

- Public Comment Summary
 - o 2016-present



Other Engagement Efforts

- Recent efforts in Fremont County
- Past discussions in Jackson
- Strategic plan engagement summary
- How to release your pet from a trap workshops



Stakeholder Contact Summary

- 279 Stakeholders identified
- Attempted to contact individuals over a period of 14 days
- Committee Members were able to talk to 132 individuals
- Left multiple messages and/or emails for 60 individuals
- 3 individuals declined to provide input

